

INFANT SIMULATOR

Luna

Explore a range of neonatal healthcare training needs with Luna. Simulating a baby from birth to 28 days after delivery, this advanced neonatal simulator helps learners practice caring for newborns when they are the most vulnerable and prone to extreme health crises.

Wireless and tetherless, this advanced neonatal simulator supports:

- Newborn assessment
- Neonatal resuscitation
- Tracheostomy care
- Airway and respiratory management
- Cardiovascular management
- Spontaneous breathing

The total solution for medical providers learning neonatal care, Luna also satisfies requirements for infant nursing skills, Pediatric Advanced Life Support, the S.T.A.B.L.E. Program and the Neonatal Resuscitation Program®.



INNOVATIVE STRATEGIES FOR NEONATAL CARE

Luna includes five simulated clinical experiences (SCEs) that correlate to newborn assessment and resuscitation standards:

- Infant Cardiopulmonary Failure
- Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome
- Neonatal Resuscitation
- Pneumothorax
- Poor Perfusion

PRACTICE PROTECTING NEW LIFE

Lightweight with interchangeable genders, Luna offers realistic features to keep learners in the moment.

Joint Articulation

Experience lifelike infant movements with Luna's articulated neck, shoulders, elbows, hips and knees.

Tristate Eyes

Practice diagnosing and treating medical conditions by leveraging normal, pinpoint and blown-pupil options.

Realistic Airway

Use Luna's tracheostomy port to practice trach ventilation, care and maintenance.

LUNA

Technical Specifications

MANIKIN

Dimensions: 21" H (53.34 cm)

Weight: 8 lbs. (4.18 kg)

ELECTRICAL

AC Input: 115-230VAC, 50/60Hz

2 internal batteries: 3.8V 3.88Ah lithium-ion, rechargeable

Manikin battery life: Approximately 4 hours

Available in two skin tones: Medium Dark



Standard Equipment

Software-compatible tablet

Maestro software suite—instructor-driven

One Maestro Standalone license

One StethoSym wireless

Five SCEs

- Infant cardiopulmonary failure
- Neonatal abstinence syndrome
- Neonatal resuscitation
- Pneumothorax
- Poor perfusion

SymDefib external defibrillation box

- Defibrillate using real devices and energy
- Cardioversion and pace using real devices and energy

Electronic user guide

One year of Value warranty

Optional Equipment

Patient monitor computer

Additional StethoSym units

Physiological Modeling for Maestro

Additional Maestro Standalone licenses

Key Features & Benefits

Airway

Anatomically accurate oral cavity and realistic airway

Nasotracheal/orotracheal intubation (ET tube)

Head tilt, chin lift, jaw thrust

Esophageal intubation

Laryngeal mask airways (LMA) and other supraglottic airway devices

Oral and nasopharyngeal airway insertion

Bag-valve-mask ventilation support with detection

Tracheostomy

Laryngospasms

Right mainstem intubation detection and software event log

Articulation

Articulating neck, shoulders, elbows, hips and knees

Forearm pronation and supination

Cardiac (assess and manage cardiac status)

Effective chest compressions generate palpable femoral pulses and ECG activity

Supports ECG monitoring using real devices

Compliant with 2020 AHA BLS guidelines and 2021 ERC guidelines

CPR real-time quality feedback and reporting

Chest compression depth sensor

Library of cardiac rhythms

Circulation

Palpable pulses

- Brachial
- Femoral
- Umbilical

Pulse palpation event detection and logging

Blood pressure-dependent pulses

Variable pulse strength

Circumoral cyanosis

Gastric and Urinary

Interchangeable female and male genitalia

Abdominal distention esophageal intubation

Urinary catheterization with urine output

Feeding tube placement (no fluids)

Neurologic

Variable trislate eyes

Manually manipulated fontanel (depressed, normal and bulging)

Crying/grunting

Active arm movement

Respiratory

Unilateral chest rise with right mainstem intubation

Automatic detection and logging of manual ventilation

Visible chest rise during bag-valve-mask ventilation

User-defined breathing patterns: regular, apneustic and ataxic

Spontaneous, continuous breathing

Variable respiratory rates and inspiratory/expiratory ratios

Programmable unilateral chest rise and fall

Unilateral lung sounds synchronized with respiratory rate

Substernal retractions

Ventilation volume measurement

Chest tube placement

Mid-clavicular needle decompression

Sounds

Auscultation of normal and abnormal heart, lung and bowel sounds (StethoSym)

Vascular Access

IV monitoring: bolus, infusion and sampling

IV sites: upper arm, scalp and foot

Peripheral arterial catheter placement

Subclavian catheter placement

Umbilical catheterization: infusion and sampling

IO tibial access